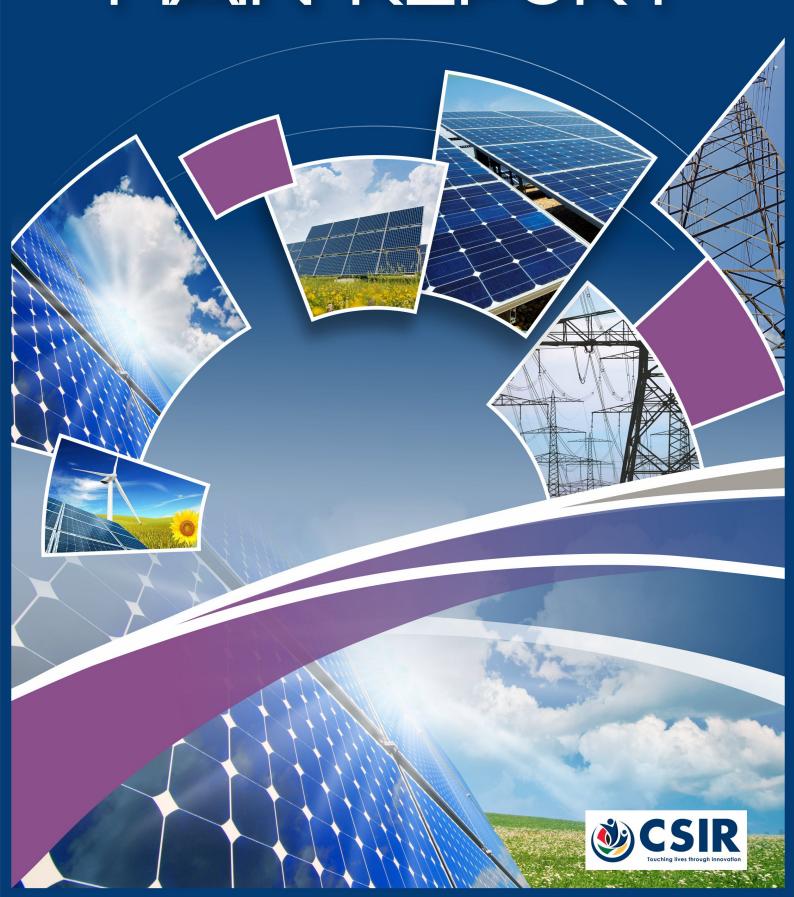
# DRAFT SCOPING REPORT



# PART A: MAIN REPORT



#### SCOPING AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

#### for the

Proposed Development of a Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Facility and associated infrastructure (Biesjesvlei PV3); Battery Energy Storage System and associated infrastructure (Biesjesvlei BESS 3); and 132 kV Overhead Power Line from the on-site substation to a proposed Main Transmission Substation and associated infrastructure (Biesjesvlei EGI 3); near Smithfield, within the Mohokare Local Municipality, Xhariep District Municipality, Free State

### DRAFT SCOPING REPORT

#### March 2024

#### Prepared for:

Scatec Africa (Pty) Ltd and Veroniva (Pty) Ltd

#### Prepared by:

Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR)

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## Report Details

#### Title:

Scoping and Environmental Impact Assessment for the Proposed Development of a Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Facility and associated infrastructure (Biesjesvlei PV3); Battery Energy Storage System and associated infrastructure (Biesjesvlei BESS 3); and 132 kV Overhead Power Line from the on-site substation to a proposed Main Transmission Substation and associated infrastructure (Biesjesvlei EGI 3); near Smithfield, within the Mohokare Local Municipality, Xhariep District Municipality, Free State.

#### Purpose of this report:

The purpose of this Draft Scoping Report is to:

- Present the details of and the need for the proposed projects;
- Describe the affected environment at a sufficient level of detail to facilitate informed decisionmaking;
- Provide an overview of the Scoping and EIA Process being followed, including public consultation;
- Provide an overview of the potential positive and negative impacts of the proposed projects on the environment.
- Provide recommendations to avoid or mitigate negative impacts and to enhance the positive benefits of the proposed projects (based on a high-level); and
- Provide the Plan of Study for the EIA Phase for the proposed projects.

The Draft Scoping Report is now available to all Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs), Organs of State and relevant stakeholders for a 30-day review period extending from 8 March 2024 to 10 April 2024, excluding public holidays. All comments submitted during the 30-day review will be incorporated in a Comments and Responses Report, and addressed, as applicable and where relevant, and will be included in the Final Scoping Report. The Final Scoping Report will be submitted to the National Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment (DFFE) for decision-making.

#### Prepared for: Prepared by:

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March 2024

Still to be issued following the submission of the Application for Environmental Authorisation.

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#### INTRODUCTION AND PROJECT LOCALITY

Scatec Africa (Pty) Ltd (the project owner) with support from Veroniva (Pty) Ltd, are proposing to develop three Solar Photovoltaic (PV) and Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) Facilities, and associated Electricity Grid Infrastructure (EGI), near Smithfield within the Mohokare Local Municipality, Xhariep District Municipality, Free State (Figure A). The project is referred to as the "Biesjesvlei" Solar PV, BESS and EGI development.

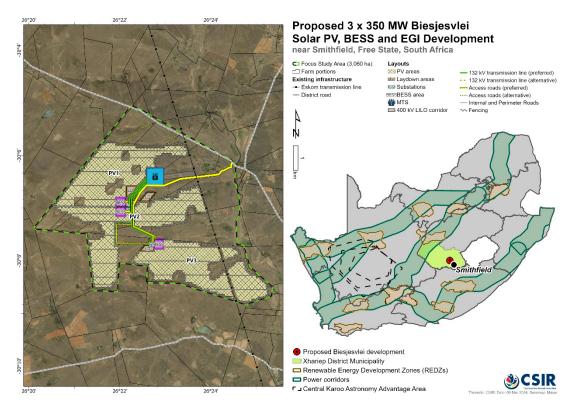


Figure A. Locality map for the proposed Biesjesvlei Solar PV1 to PV3; Biesjesvlei BESS 1
to 3; Biesjesvlei EGI 1 to 3; and Biesjesvlei MTS and LILO, near Smithfield in the
Free State.

The proposed projects are not located within any of the Renewable Energy Development Zones (REDZs) that were gazetted in GN 114 on 16 February 2018; and GN 144 on 26 February 2021. The proposed projects are also not located within any of the Strategic Transmission Corridors that were gazetted in GN 113 on 16 February 2018; and GN 1637 on 24 December 2021.

The proposed projects will make use of PV solar technology to generate electricity from energy derived from the sun. Each solar PV facility will have a range of associated infrastructure and is proposed to connect to an existing 400 kV power line via dedicated 132 kV power lines, a proposed independent Main Transmission Substation (MTS) and a Loop-In-Loop-Out (LILO).

Each of the Solar PV Facilities would be its own project and would require its own, separate Environmental Authorisation (EA). The same applies to the BESS and EGI projects. Each project will have a specific Project Applicant. The following projects are being proposed (Figure B):

- PROJECTS 1 TO 3: The proposed development of three Solar PV Facilities and associated infrastructure (i.e. Biesjesvlei PV1 to Biesjesvlei PV3).
- **PROJECTS 4 TO 6**: The proposed development of three BESS and associated infrastructure (i.e. Biesjesvlei BESS 1 to Biesjesvlei BESS 3).
- PROJECT 7 to 9: The proposed development of a 132 kV Overhead Power Line from each Biesjesvlei PV Facility to the proposed MTS, and associated infrastructure (i.e. Biesjesvlei EGI 1 to Biesjesvlei EGI 3).
- PROJECT 10: The proposed development of an independent 400/132kV MTS and a 400 kV LILO from the MTS to the existing Eskom power line, as well as associated infrastructure (i.e. Biesjesvlei MTS and LILO).

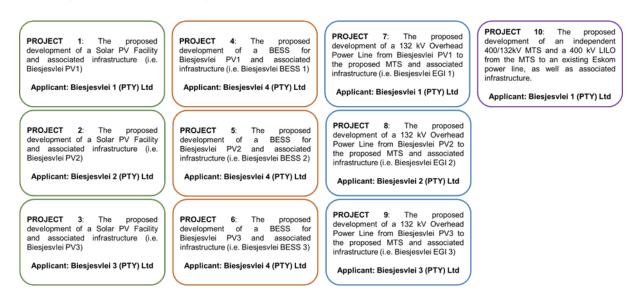


Figure B: Breakdown of the projects that comprise the Biesjesvlei Solar PV, BESS, EGI,

MTS and LILO Development.

#### REPORT COMBINATION AND AVAILABILITY

A request to combine the Environmental Assessment reporting, for Projects 1 to 9, in terms of Regulation 11 of the 2014 National Environmental Management Act (Act 107 of 1998, as amended) (NEMA) Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulations (as amended), and the issuing of multiple EAs in terms of Regulations 25 (1) and (2) was discussed with the National Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment (DFFE) at the Pre-Application Meeting on 6 October 2023. A letter was submitted to the DFFE to request for the combination and issuing of multiple EAs in October 2023. The DFFE approved the request for combination and multiple EAs (should they be granted) in a letter dated 1 November 2023, sent via email on 6 November 2023.

The report for Project 10 (Biesjesvlei MTS and LILO) is not included in the combined reporting because only one EA is required for this project. Hence, one standalone report has compiled for Project 10.

The reporting structure indicated in Figure C is being used.

In summary, separate combined reports have been compiled for each PV Facility, BESS and EGI cluster (i.e. Projects 1 to 9) and a separate Scoping Report has been compiled for the MTS and LILO (i.e. Project 10). Overall, four Scoping Reports have been compiled for the proposed development, and it is proposed that 10 separate EAs will be issued (should they be granted).

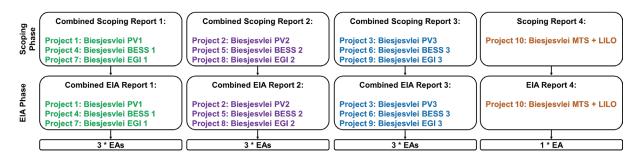


Figure C: Environmental Assessment Reporting Structure for the Biesjesvlei Solar PV, BESS, EGI, MTS and LILO Development.

This combined Scoping Report only addresses Biesjesvlei PV3, Biesjesvlei BESS 3 and Biesjesvlei EGI 3 (i.e. Projects 3, 6 and 9, respectively).

Note: The information throughout this Executive Summary applies to each of the projects addressed in this report (i.e. Project 3 (Biesjesvlei PV3), Project 6 (Biesjesvlei BESS 3) and Project 9 (Biesjesvlei EGI 3)), unless where mentioned otherwise.

This Scoping Report is being released to all Interested and/or Affected Parties (I&APs), Organs of State and relevant stakeholders for a 30-day review period. All comments received during the 30-day review will be incorporated into a detailed Comments and Responses Report, and addressed, as applicable and where relevant, and will be included with the Final Scoping Report. The Final Scoping Report will thereafter be submitted to the DFFE for consideration.

An integrated Public Participation Process is being undertaken for the proposed projects (i.e. Projects 1 to 10).

#### **COMPETENT AUTHORITY AND APPLICANTS**

The Competent Authority for the proposed projects is the DFFE, and the Project Applicants are as follows:

- Project 3: Biesjesvlei PV3 and associated infrastructure: Biesjesvlei 3 (Pty) Ltd;
- Project 6: Biesjesvlei BESS 3 and associated infrastructure: Biesjesvlei 4 (Pty) Ltd; and
- Project 9: Biesjesvlei EGI 3 and associated infrastructure: Biesjesvlei 3 (Pty) Ltd.

#### **NEED FOR THE EIA**

The proposed projects trigger the need for an EA in terms of the 2014 NEMA EIA Regulations (as amended) published in GN R326, R327, R325 and R324 and further amended on 11 June 2021 in GN 517; and on 3 March 2022 in GN 1816. Chapter 4 of the Scoping Report contains a detailed list of activities, which may be triggered by each project and the various project components and thus forms part of this Scoping and EIA Process. Listed below are the key listed activities triggered per project (Table A).

Table A. Key Listed Activities Per Project

Project	Listing Notice, Listed Activity and Description
Project 3: Biesjesvlei PV3 and	GN R325 (Listing Notice 2), Activity 1: The development of
associated infrastructure	facilities or infrastructure for the generation of electricity from a
	renewable resource where the electricity output is 20 megawatts
	or more, excluding where such development of facility or
	infrastructure is for photovoltaic installations and occurs (a)
	within an urban area; or (b) on existing infrastructure
Project 6: Biesjesvlei BESS 3	GN R327 (Listing Notice 1), Activity 27: The clearance of an
and associated infrastructure	area of 1 hectares or more, but less than 20 hectares of
	indigenous vegetation, except where such clearance of
	indigenous vegetation is required for (i) the undertaking of a
	linear activity; or (ii) maintenance purposes undertaken in
	accordance with a maintenance management plan.
Project 9: Biesjesvlei EGI 3	GN R327 (Listing Notice 1), Activity 11 (i): The development
and associated infrastructure	of facilities or infrastructure for the transmission and distribution
	of electricity (i) outside urban areas or industrial complexes with
	a capacity of more than 33 but less than 275 kilovolts

The purpose of the Scoping and EIA Process is to identify, assess and report on any potential impacts the proposed projects, if implemented, may have on the receiving environment. The Scoping and EIA therefore needs to show the Competent Authority and the Project Applicant what the consequences of their choices will be in terms of impacts on the biophysical and socioeconomic environment and how such impacts can be, as far as possible, enhanced or mitigated and managed as the case may be.

#### **PROJECT EIA TEAM**

In accordance with Regulation 12 (1) of the 2014 NEMA EIA Regulations (as amended), the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) has been appointed by the Project Developer to undertake the required Scoping and EIA Process in order to determine the potential biophysical, social and economic impacts associated with undertaking the proposed development. The project team and the relevant specialists are indicated in Table B below. The term "N/A" in the table below indicates that the specialist study in question is not relevant to that specific project.

#### Table B. Project Team for the Scoping and EIA Process

NAME	ORGANISATION	ROLE/STUDY TO BE UNDERTAKEN	PROJECT 3 – PV3	PROJECT 6 – BESS 3	PROJECT 9 – EGI 3
Environmental Management Services (CSIR)					
Paul Lochner (Registered EAP (2019/745))	CSIR	EAP, Technical Advisor and Quality Assurance	~	~	~
Rohaida Abed ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.;</i> Registered EAP (2021/4067))	CSIR	EAP and Project Manager	~	~	~
Helen Antonopoulos	CSIR	Project Officer	<b>~</b>	~	<b>/</b>
Suvasha Ramcharan	CSIR	Project Officer	~	~	~
Phindile Mthembu	CSIR	Project Officer	~	~	~
Luanita Snyman van der Walt ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.</i> )	CSIR	GIS Specialist	~	~	~
Lizande Kellerman (Pr.Sci.Nat.)	CSIR	Public Participation Specialist	~	~	~
Specialists					
Johann Lanz ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.</i> )	Private	Agriculture and Soils Compliance Statement	~	~	~
Corné Niemandt ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.</i> ) Samuel Laurence ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.</i> )	Enviro-Insight cc	Terrestrial Biodiversity Assessment, Terrestrial Plant Species Compliance Statement, and Terrestrial Animal Species Compliance Statement	~	~	~
Russell Tate (Pr.Sci.Nat.)	Tate Environmental Specialist Services (subcontracted by Envirolnsight)	Aquatic Biodiversity and Species Assessment	~	~	~
Samuel Laurence (Pr.Sci.Nat.)	Enviro-Insight cc	Avifauna Impact Assessment	~	~	~
Quinton Lawson (SACAP, 3686) Bernard Oberholzer (SACLAP, 87018)	QARC and BOLA	Visual Impact Assessment	~	~	~
Dr Jayson Orton (APHP: Member 43; ASAPA CRM Section: Member 233)	ASHA Consulting (Pty) Ltd	Heritage Impact Assessment (Archaeology and Cultural Landscape)	~	~	~
Dr John Almond (PSSA and APHP Member)	Natura Viva cc	Palaeontology	~	~	~
Sue Reuther	SLR Consulting	Socio-Economic Impact Assessment	~	~	N/A
Annebet Krige (Pr Eng)	Sturgeon Consulting	Traffic Impact Assessment	~	~	N/A
Dale Barrow ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.</i> ) Hardy Luttig Louis Jonk ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.</i> ) Julian Conrad	GEOSS South Africa (PTY) Ltd	Geohydrology Assessment	~	~	N/A
Dale Barrow ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.</i> ) Hardy Luttig Louis Jonk ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.</i> ) Julian Conrad	GEOSS South Africa (PTY) Ltd	Geotechnical Letter of Professional Opinion	~	~	~
Debbie Mitchell (Pr Eng)	Ishecon cc	Battery Storage High Level Safety, Health and Environment Risk Assessment	N/A	~	N/A
Rohaida Abed ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.</i> ; <i>Registered EAP</i> (2021/4067)) Lizande Kellerman ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.</i> ) Willan Adonis <sup>1</sup>	CSIR	Civil Aviation Site Sensitivity Verification	~	~	~
Rohaida Abed ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.</i> ; <i>Registered EAP</i> (2021/4067)) Lizande Kellerman ( <i>Pr.Sci.Nat.</i> ) Willan Adonis <sup>2</sup>	CSIR	Defence Site Sensitivity Verification	~	N/A	N/A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This staff member resigned from the CSIR at the end of December 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This staff member resigned from the CSIR at the end of December 2023.

The specialist assessments will be detailed during the EIA Phase and will comply with Appendix 6 of the 2014 NEMA EIA Regulations (as amended), or the Assessment Protocols published in GN 320 on March 2020; or the Assessment Protocols published in GN 1150 on October 2020. However, the BESS High Level Safety, Health and Environment Risk Assessment serves as a technical report and the aforementioned legislation will thus not be applicable.

#### **STUDY AREA**

The study area or preferred site for all the proposed Biesjesvlei Solar PV Facilities, BESS, 132 kV power lines, MTS and LILO and associated infrastructure (i.e., Projects 1 to 10) covers approximately 3 060 hectares (ha). These farm properties are listed in Table C, and they apply to all the projects addressed in this Scoping Report.

Table C: Farm portions and SG codes for the Study Area

FARM PORTION	SG CODE
Farm Benoni 534	F0310000000053400000
Remaining Extent of Farm Biesjespoort 521	F0310000000052100000
Farm Biesjesvlei 372	F0310000000037200000
Farm Klein Badfontein 369	F0310000000036900000
Farm Modderkuil 396	F0310000000039600000
Farm Paalland 373	F0310000000037300000
Remaining Extent of Farm Pompoenfontein 118	F0310000000011800000
Portion 1 of Farm Pompoenfontein 118	F0310000000011800001
Farm Ronde Bult 408	F0310000000040800000
Farm Salpetervlei 756	F0310000000075600000
Portion 1 of Farm Schoemanskraal 34	F0310000000003400001

As part of the Scoping and EIA Process, the full extent of the study area has been assessed by the specialists in order to identify environmental sensitivities and no-go areas. The preferred site serves as the study area for this Scoping and EIA Process. Therefore, the terms "site" and "study area" are used synonymously in the Scoping Report.

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

A summary of the key components of the proposed Biesjesvlei PV3 (Project 3) and technical information is described in Table D below.

Table D. Summary of the components and associated infrastructure for Biesjesvlei PV3 (Project 3)

Component	Description		
Solar Field			
Type of Technology	Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Technology		
Generation Capacity (Maximum Installed)	■ Up to 350 MWdc		
Total footprint that includes all associated	Maximum 600 ha		
infrastructure within the fenced off area of			
the PV facility (excluding access roads)			
PV Panel Structure (with the following			
possible tracking and mounting systems):			
<ul> <li>Single Axis Tracking structures (aligned</li> </ul>			
north-south);			
<ul> <li>Fixed Axis Tracking (aligned east-west);</li> </ul>	■ <u>Height</u> : Approximately 10 m (maximum)		
<ul> <li>Dual Axis Tracking (aligned east-west</li> </ul>			
and north-south);			
<ul> <li>Fixed Tilt Mounting Structure; or</li> </ul>			
Bifacial Solar Modules.			
Building Infrastructure			
Offices	■ <u>Maximum height</u> : 7 m		
	F 1 1 1000 2		
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Footprint: 1000 m <sup>2</sup>		
Operational and maintenance (O&M) control	■ <u>Maximum height</u> : 7 m		
centre	- Fastmint F00 m²		
Warshauga / workshap	Footprint: 500 m²      Maximum height: 7 m		
Warehouse / workshop	■ <u>Maximum height</u> : 7 m		
	■ Footprint: 500 m <sup>2</sup>		
Ablution facilities	Maximum height: 7 m		
Abidion facilities	- <u>Maximum neight.</u> 7 m		
	■ Footprint: 50 m <sup>2</sup>		
Converter / Inverter stations	Height: 2.5 m to 7 m (maximum)		
	<u>rroigna</u> . 2.0 m to 7 m (maximam)		
	■ Footprint: 2500 m <sup>2</sup>		
Guard Houses	Height: 3 m		
	■ <u>Footprint</u> : 40 m <sup>2</sup>		
On-site substation and/or switching station.	Footprint of the IPP Substation: Approximately		
This will include the section that will be	10 000 m <sup>2</sup>		
maintained by the Independent Power			
Producer (IPP).	■ <u>Height</u> : 10 m		

Component	scription	
	Capacity: 132 kV	
	This section incluinfrastructure lead Connection (i.e. the the proposed on-s	udes all the high voltage ling up to the Point of Project Applicant's section of ite substation, which is also racility IPP Substation).
Associated Infrastructure		, ,
On-site medium voltage internal cables / power lines	Placement: Undergo	round or above ground
		nd): Maximum depth of 1.6 m
Underground low voltage cobles or coble	Height (if abovegrou	und): Maximum height of 9 m
Underground low voltage cables or cable trays	Depth: Maximum de	epth of 1.4 m
External Access Roads	existing main roads three access route Access Route Option which are routed also Options A, B and C off the S119. Dire projects will be take existing farm access roads will be area, where they do or existing roads were access roads will be area, where they do or existing roads were access.	an be accessed via various and gravel roads. Specifically, options are being considered: on A, Option B and Option C, ong the N6; S1262; and S119. C have different access points ect access to the proposed ken from the S119 along an ass point, and thereafter new be developed within the study on not align with existing roads, will be used as far as practically
		: Where new access roads are study area, these will be 4 - 8
	_	ads: Where existing roads are dy area, they may need to be libed below.
	o The N6, S and do not The N6, S sufficient w movement,	alist has noted the following by investigations: 1262, and S119 are suitable need to be upgraded. S1262, and S119 are of a width to accommodate truck however widening by more or more than 6 m may be

Component	Description
Component	required at localised positions (i.e. intersections). Specifically, road widening by approximately 9 m will be required at the S1262 and S119 intersection.  Existing internal farm roads (local farm roads within the farm property boundaries) will need to be upgraded to accommodate the abnormal loads as required. This includes the following:  Intersection S119 and Access Route Option A: Road widening by approximately 14 m (at the widest point) will be required.  Intersection S119 and Access Route Option B: Road widening by approximately 7 m (at the widest point) will be required.  Intersection S119 and Access Route Option C: Road widening by approximately 14 m (at the widest point) will be required.  An existing bridge on the S119 will also need to be inspected by a Structural Engineer.  The existing bridge on the existing internal farm road leading from Access Route Option A will most likely need to be rebuilt or realigned to minimise the turns that the abnormal loads need to navigate. Additional
	detail will be provided in the EIA Phase.
Internal roads	Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the fenced off area of the PV facility.      Width: Up to 4 m.
Fencing around the PV Facility Perimeter	<ul> <li>Width: Up to 4 m</li> <li>Type: Palisade or mesh or fully electrified</li> </ul>
	Security: Access points will be managed and monitored by an appointed security service provider.
	■ <u>Height</u> : Between 2 - 3 m

Component	Description		
Panel maintenance and cleaning area	•	el maintenance and cleaning area on site during the operational	
Storm water channels	Details will be co	nfirmed during the EIA Phase.	
	has been select Where necessa	d Construction (EPC) contractor and the design is finalised. ary, a detailed storm water n would need to be developed.	
Work area during the construction phase (i.e. laydown area)	Footprint: Up to 1	13 ha.	
Water Requirements		520 m <sup>3</sup> to 12 000 m <sup>3</sup> of water is e required per year for the se.	
	• • •	0 000 m <sup>3</sup> to 16 000 m <sup>3</sup> of water is e required per year for the e.	
	•	ents during the decommissioning ected to be the same as the se.	
	from the Local M	s: Existing boreholes on site or unicipality via trucks.	
Construction Period	12 – 24 months		
Operational Period	the proposed fac	ercial operation date is achieved, sility will generate electricity for a of 20 to 30 years.	

A summary of the key components of the proposed Biesjesvlei BESS 3 (Project 6) and technical information is described in Table E below.

Table E. Summary of the components and associated infrastructure for Biesjesvlei BESS 3 (Project 6)

Component	Description	
Battery Energy Storage System (BESS)		
BESS Area/Facility	■ <u>Technology</u> : Lithium-Ion BESS	
	■ <u>Total Footprint</u> : Approximately 10 ha	
	■ <u>Height</u> : Between 5 m and 10 m	
	The BESS area will include the following sub- components:	

BESS Units:  BESS Laydown Area;  BESS IPP Substation;  Laydown area for the BESS IPP Substation;  Access Roads;  Access Roads;  Internal Roads;  BESS Units:  Parking Area.  BESS Sub-Components (to be located within the 10 ha area of the output parking Aproximately 1.25 ha parking Area.  BESS Laydown Area  Parking Area.  BESS Laydown Area  Parking Area.  This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  Parking Ly to 15 m  Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV  This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office  Parking Area.  BESS Operational Area for the BESS IPP Substation  Prootprint: Approximately 1.25 ha  Pootprint: Approximately 1.25 ha  Pootprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Height: Up to 15 m  Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV  This will be maintained by the IPP.  Advisional Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office  Prootprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  BESS Operational Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational Area for the BESS IPP Substation  Pootprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Height: Up to 15 m  Capacity: The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.  External Access Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Parking Area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Pepth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Placement: Buried/Ducted	Component	Description
BESS Laydown Area; BESS IPP Substation; Laydown area for the BESS IPP Substation; DESS Units  BESS SOPErational and Maintenance (O&M) Office. Including Ablutions; Access Roads; Internal Roads; MV cables between BESS Units; Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation; Internal cables; and Overhead cables at the BESS IPP Substation; Internal cables; and Overhead cables at the BESS IPP Substation; Fencing and Security; and Parking Arction Parking Arc	Component	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
BESS Sub-Components (to be located within the 10 ha area of the overall BESS Facility)  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office, including Ablutions; Access Roads; Internal Roads; MV cables between BESS Units; Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation; Internal cables; and Overhead cables at the BESS IPP Substation; Fencing and Security; and Parking Area.  BESS Sub-Components (to be located within the 10 ha area of the overall BESS Facility)  BESS Units  This will include battery packs or containers, with an area of approximately 6 ha, and height up to 5 m.  BESS Laydown Area  Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha Footprint: Approximately 1 ha  Height: Up to 15 m Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office  The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.  External Access Roads Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Packles: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Pagacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Pagacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Pagacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV		
Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
BESS Sub-Components (to be located within the 10 ha area of the overall BESS Facility)  BESS Units  BE		,
Office, including Ablutions;		1
O Access Roads; Internal Roads; Internal Roads; O Internal Roads; O Internal Roads; O MV cables between BESS Units; O Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation; Internal cables; and O Overhead cables at the BESS IPP Substation; Fencing and Security; and Parking Area.  BESS Sub-Components (to be located within the 10 ha area of the overall BESS Facility)  BESS Units  This will include battery packs or containers, with an area of approximately 6 ha, and height up to 5 m.  BESS Laydown Area Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha Height: Up to 15 m  Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha Height: Up to 5 m  Maximum height: Up to 5 m Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha Footprint		, , , ,
o Internal Roads; o MV cables between BESS Units; o Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation; o Internal cables; and o Overhead cables at the BESS IPP Substation; o Fencing and Security; and o Parking Area.  BESS Sub-Components (to be located within the 10 ha area of the overall BESS Facility)  BESS Units  Parking Area.  BESS Laydown Area  Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha  Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha  Height: Up to 15 m  Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV  This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office  Prootprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Maximum height: Up to 5 m  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted		_
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O Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation; Internal cables; and Overhead cables at the BESS IPP Substation; Fencing and Security; and Parking Area.  BESS Sub-Components (to be located within the 10 ha area of the overall BESS Facility)  BESS Units  This will include battery packs or containers, with an area of approximately 6 ha, and height up to 5 m.  Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha  Footprint: Approximately 1 L25 ha  Footprint: Approximately 1 ha  Height: Up to 15 m  Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV  This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office  Awximum height: Up to 5 m  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Feotprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Feotprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Feotprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Feotprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  BESS OBM Office will also include Ablution facilities.  External Access Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Depth: Up to 2 m  Placement: Buried/Ducted		·
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Overhead cables at the BESS IPP Substation; Fencing and Security; and Parking Area.  BESS Sub-Components (to be located within the 10 ha area of the overall BESS Facility)  Parking Area.  BESS Units  This will include battery packs or containers, with an area of approximately 6 ha, and height up to 5 m.  BESS Laydown Area  Feotprint: Approximately 1.25 ha  Feotprint: Approximately 1 ha  Height: Up to 15 m  Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV  This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M)  Office  Amazimum height: Up to 5 m  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Feotprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Feotprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Feotprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Parking Area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Pelacement: Buried/Ducted  Placement: Buried/Ducted		
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BESS Sub-Components (to be located within the 10 ha area of the overall BESS Facility)  BESS Units  - This will include battery packs or containers, with an area of approximately 6 ha, and height up to 5 m.  BESS Laydown Area - Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha - Height: Up to 15 m - Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV - This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation - Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office - Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha - The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.  External Access Roads - Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads - Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area Width: Up to 4 m - Placement: Buried/Ducted - Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV - Depth: Up to 2 m - Placement: Buried/Ducted - Placement: Buried/Ducted		·
BESS Sub-Components (to be located within the 10 ha area of the overall BESS Facility)  BESS Units  In this will include battery packs or containers, with an area of approximately 6 ha, and height up to 5 m.  BESS Laydown Area  Internal Roads  External Access Roads  Internal Roads  BESS Units  Internal Roads  Interna		<ul> <li>Fencing and Security; and</li> </ul>
BESS Units  This will include battery packs or containers, with an area of approximately 6 ha, and height up to 5 m.  BESS Laydown Area  ESS IPP Substation  Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha  Height: Up to 15 m  Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV  This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M)  Office  Maximum height: Up to 5 m  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted		<ul> <li>Parking Area.</li> </ul>
an area of approximately 6 ha, and height up to 5 m.  BESS Laydown Area  • Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha  • Footprint: Approximately 1 ha  • Height: Up to 15 m  • Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV  • This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office  • Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  • Maximum height: Up to 5 m  • Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  • The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.  External Access Roads  • Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  • Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  • Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  • Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  • Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  • Placement: Buried/Ducted	BESS Sub-Components (to be located with	in the 10 ha area of the overall BESS Facility)
BESS Laydown Area  • Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha  • Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha  • Footprint: Approximately 1 ha  • Height: Up to 15 m  • Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV  • This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  • Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  • The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.  External Access Roads  • Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  • Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  • Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  • Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  • Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  • Placement: Buried/Ducted	BESS Units	This will include battery packs or containers, with
BESS Laydown Area  Pootprint: Approximately 1.25 ha  BESS IPP Substation  Height: Up to 15 m  Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV  This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office  Maximum height: Up to 5 m  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  External Access Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Placement: Buried/Ducted		an area of approximately 6 ha, and height up to 5
BESS IPP Substation    Footprint: Approximately 1 ha   Height: Up to 15 m   Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV   This will be maintained by the IPP.   Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation   Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha   BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M)   Maximum height: Up to 5 m   Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha   Footprint: Approximately		m.
Height: Up to 15 m      Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV      This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office      Pootprint: Approximately 0.5 ha      Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha      Footpr	BESS Laydown Area	■ Footprint: Approximately 1.25 ha
Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV      This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office      Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha      Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha      Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha      The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.  External Access Roads      Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads      Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.      Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units      Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV      Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted	BESS IPP Substation	■ Footprint: Approximately 1 ha
Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV      This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office      Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha      Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha      Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha      The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.  External Access Roads      Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads      Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.      Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units      Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV      Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted		
Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV      This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office      Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha      Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha      Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha      The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.  External Access Roads      Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads      Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.      Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units      Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV      Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted		■ Height: Up to 15 m
This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.  External Access Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted		
This will be maintained by the IPP.  Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha  The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.  External Access Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted		■ Capacity: 33 kV to 132 kV
Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office    Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha   Maximum height: Up to 5 m   Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha   Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha   Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha   The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.   Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.   Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.   Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.   Width: Up to 4 m   Placement: Buried/Ducted   Placement: Buried/Ducted   Depth: Up to 2 m   Placement: Buried/Ducted		<u></u>
Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation  BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office    Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha   Maximum height: Up to 5 m   Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha   Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha   Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha   The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.   Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.   Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.   Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.   Width: Up to 4 m   Placement: Buried/Ducted   Placement: Buried/Ducted   Depth: Up to 2 m   Placement: Buried/Ducted		This will be maintained by the IPP.
BESS Operational and Maintenance (O&M) Office    Maximum height: Up to 5 m   Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha   The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.   External Access Roads   Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.   Internal Roads   Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.   Width: Up to 4 m   Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units   Placement: Buried/Ducted   Depth: Up to 2 m   Placement: Buried/Ducted	Laydown Area for the BESS IPP Substation	-
Office		
<ul> <li>Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha</li> <li>The BESS O&amp;M Office will also include Ablution facilities.</li> <li>Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.</li> <li>Internal Roads</li> <li>Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.</li> <li>Width: Up to 4 m</li> <li>Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units</li> <li>Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV</li> <li>Depth: Up to 2 m</li> <li>Placement: Buried/Ducted</li> <li>Placement: Buried/Ducted</li> </ul>		- <u>Maximum neight</u> . Op to 3 m
The BESS O&M Office will also include Ablution facilities.  External Access Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted	Office	■ Footprint: Approximately 0.5 ha
External Access Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted		- I Ootprint. Approximately 0.5 ha
External Access Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted		The PESS ORM Office will also include Ablution
External Access Roads  Refer to Table D for a description on the access roads.  Internal Roads  Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted		
Internal Roads    Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.    Width: Up to 4 m	Fotomed Access Deeds	
Internal Roads  Details: New internal gravel roads will need to be established within the BESS facility area.  Width: Up to 4 m  Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  Placement: Buried/Ducted  Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  Placement: Buried/Ducted	External Access Roads	•
established within the BESS facility area.    Width: Up to 4 m	Internal Deads	
<ul> <li>Width: Up to 4 m</li> <li>Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units</li> <li>Placement: Buried/Ducted</li> <li>Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV</li> <li>Depth: Up to 2 m</li> <li>Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation</li> <li>Placement: Buried/Ducted</li> </ul>	Internal Roads	
Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  - Placement: Buried/Ducted  - Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  - Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  - Placement: Buried/Ducted		established within the BESS facility area.
Medium Voltage (MV) cables between the BESS Units  - Placement: Buried/Ducted  - Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  - Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  - Placement: Buried/Ducted		No. 11
BESS Units   Capacity: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV  Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation Placement: Buried/Ducted		
<ul> <li><u>Capacity</u>: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV</li> <li><u>Depth</u>: Up to 2 m</li> <li><u>Placement</u>: Buried/Ducted</li> </ul>	, ,	Placement: Buried/Ducted
■ Depth: Up to 2 m  Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation ■ Placement: Buried/Ducted	BESS Units	
Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  • Placement: Buried/Ducted		<ul> <li><u>Capacity</u>: Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV</li> </ul>
Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation  • Placement: Buried/Ducted		
		■ <u>Depth</u> : Up to 2 m
■ <u>Capacity</u> : Ranges above 33 kV	Transformer at the BESS IPP Substation	Placement: Buried/Ducted
■ <u>Capacity</u> : Ranges above 33 kV		
		<ul><li>Capacity: Ranges above 33 kV</li></ul>

Component	Description
Component	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
lateral calles in the DECO to diffe	■ Depth/Height: Up to 2 m
Internal cables in the BESS facility	Placement: Buried / ducted
	<ul> <li><u>Capacity:</u> Ranges from 1 kV up to 33 kV</li> </ul>
	■ Depth: Up to 2 m
Overhead cables at the BESS IPP Substation	Placement: Overhead
	■ <u>Capacity</u> : Ranges above 33 kV
	■ Height: Up to 12 m
Fencing of the BESS Facility and Security	■ <u>Type</u> : Palisade or mesh or fully electrified
	Height: Up to 5 m
	Security: Access to the BESS Facility will be managed and monitored by an appointed security
	service provider.
Parking Area	A parking area will be established at the BESS
r anding / troa	Facility for staff
Storm water channels	Details to be confirmed once the Engineering,
	Procurement and Construction (EPC) contractor
	has been selected and the design is finalised.
	Where necessary, a detailed storm water
	management plan would need to be developed.
Water Requirements	<ul> <li>Approximately 350 m³ to 450 m³ of water is</li> </ul>
·	estimated to be required per year for the
	construction phase.
	4
	• Approximately 200 m³ to 300 m³ of water is
	estimated to be required per year for the
	operational phase.
	<ul> <li>Water requirements during the decommissioning</li> </ul>
	phase are expected to be the same as the
	construction phase.
	Potential sources: Existing boreholes on site or
	from the Local Municipality via trucks.
Construction Period	■ 12 - 24 months
Operational Period	Once the commercial operation date is achieved,
	the proposed BESS will store and dispatch
	electricity for a minimum period of 20 to 30 years.

A summary of the key components of the proposed Biesjesvlei EGI 3 (Project 9) and technical information is described in Table F below.

Table F. Summary of the components and associated infrastructure for Biesjesvlei EGI 3 (Project 9)

Component	De	escription
On-site substation and/or switching station.	•	Footprint: Up to 10 000 m <sup>2</sup>
This will include the section that will be		
transferred from the Independent Power		Height: Up to 15 m
Producer (IPP) to Eskom.		
	•	Capacity: 132 kV
	•	The section includes all the high voltage
		infrastructure extending from the Point of
		Connection (i.e. Eskom's section of the proposed
		on-site substation, which is also referred to as the
132 kV Overhead Power Line		Switching Station).  The power line will be routed from the on-site
132 KV Overhead Fower Line	-	substation to the proposed MTS.
		substation to the proposed in ro.
		Height: Up to 37 m
		<u> </u>
	•	Length:
		<ul> <li>Preferred Power Line Route: Up to 3 km</li> </ul>
		o Alternative Power Line Route: Up to 5 km
	•	Servitude: 40 m wide
		Pylon specifications:
		<ul> <li><u>Type</u>: Lattice structures or monopoles.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Tower: Self-supporting and Angle Strain.</li> </ul>
		o Foundation: The size of the footprint area
		for the base of the tower foundation will
		range from 0.36 $m^2$ to 2.25 $m^2$ . The
		minimum working area required around a
		structure position is 20 m x 20 m.
		o <u>Span Length</u> : 200 m – 300 m
Service Road	•	<u>Details</u> : A new gravel service road will need to be
		established below the power line.
		Width: Up to 4 m
External Access Roads		Refer to Table D for a description on the access
		roads.

Component	Description
Storm water channels	<ul> <li>Details to be confirmed once the Engineering, Procurement and Construction (EPC) contractor has been selected and the design is finalised. Where necessary, a detailed storm water management plan would need to be developed.</li> </ul>
Work area during the construction phase (i.e. laydown area)	■ Footprint: 0.5 ha to 1 ha
Water Requirements	<ul> <li>Approximately 100 m<sup>3</sup> of water is estimated to be required per year for the construction phase.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Water requirements during the decommissioning phase are expected to be the same as the construction phase.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Potential sources: Existing boreholes on site or from the Local Municipality via trucks.</li> </ul>
Construction Period	■ 6 - 24 months

#### POTENTIAL ISSUES AND HIGH-LEVEL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Potential key preliminary issues and impacts associated with the proposed projects, and preliminary mitigation measures have been identified by the specialist team for the Scoping Phase. This is based on an evaluation of the status quo of the receiving environment, by the specialists, either through desktop assessments or site investigations, where relevant and required. The impact ratings and mitigation measures are high-level for the purposes of Scoping, and, where necessary, will be confirmed and detailed during the EIA Phase.

These preliminary key potential issues and direct impacts are summarised in Table G below and are included in Chapter 6 of this Scoping Report. Additional issues may be raised during the Scoping Phase, which could potentially be assessed during the EIA Phase. The Terms of Reference for the various Specialist Assessments and Inputs are included in Chapter 7 of this Scoping Report.

At the Scoping Phase, based on the preliminary impacts described below, there are no negative impacts that are rated as Very High significance after mitigation. Overall, it can be concluded that the effect of potential impacts can be limited or reduced to acceptable levels through avoidance, minimisation and the implementation of appropriate mitigation measures and management actions during the construction, operational and decommissioning phases.

Table G. Summary of Issues to be addressed during the EIA Phase as part of the Specialist Assessments / Inputs<sup>3</sup>.

Specialist Assessment / Input	Key Issues / Impacts to be addressed in the EIA Phase	Project 3 (Biesjesvlei PV3)	Project 6 (Biesjesvlei BESS 3)	Project 9 (Biesjesvlei EGI 3)	
	Construction, Operational and Decommission	ning Phases			
	<ul> <li>Loss of agricultural potential by occupation of land;</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Loss of agricultural potential by soil degradation;</li> </ul>				
Agriculture	Loss of agricultural potential by dust generation;	<b>√</b>	✓	./	
	<ul> <li>Increased financial security for farming operations (positive impact); and</li> </ul>	•	•	V	
	<ul> <li>Improved security against stock theft and other crime due to the presence of</li> </ul>				
	security infrastructure and security personnel (positive impact).				
	Construction Phase				
	Habitat loss and fragmentation.	✓	✓	✓	
	<ul> <li>Loss of protected species;</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Increased alien invasive species;</li> </ul>			,	
Terrestrial	<ul> <li>Increased erosion and soil compaction; and</li> </ul>	<b>~</b>		<b>√</b>	
Biodiversity and	Littering and general pollution.				
Species (including	Operational Phase				
Animal and Plant	Increased alien invasive species.	✓	✓	✓	
Species)	<ul> <li>Loss of species composition and diversity; and</li> </ul>	✓		✓	
	Littering and general pollution.				
	Decommissioning Phase				
	Loss of habitat; and	,	,	,	
	Increased alien invasive species	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>v</b>	
Aquatic Biodiversity	Construction, Operational and Decommissio	ning Phases			
	Habitat Quality Degradation;	<b>/ /</b>	,		
and Species	Water Quality Degradation; and		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	

<sup>3</sup> Impacts / issues in the table are all classified as negative, except where specified as positive.

Specialist Assessment / Input	Key Issues / Impacts to be addressed in the EIA Phase	Project 3 (Biesjesvlei PV3)	Project 6 (Biesjesvlei BESS 3)	Project 9 (Biesjesvlei EGI 3)	
	<ul> <li>Aquatic Habitat Connectivity Loss.</li> </ul>				
	Construction Phase				
	<ul><li>Habitat destruction;</li></ul>				
	Disturbance of bird roosts; and	✓	<b>J</b>		
	<ul> <li>Disturbance due to noise such as machinery movements and construction activities.</li> </ul>	•	•		
	<ul> <li>Disturbance of foraging and breeding behaviours of birds due to noise, dust and lighting; and</li> </ul>			,	
	Loss of habitat due to clearing, trenching, alteration and exclusion from			<b>√</b>	
	previously accessible habitats.				
	Operational Phase				
	Disturbance due to noise such as, machinery movements and maintenance				
	operations;				
Avifauna	Loss of Bird Foraging Habitat;	✓	✓		
	Attraction to the facility; and				
	Chemical pollution spills.				
	Bird mortalities; and  Bird mortalities; and	✓			
	Disruption of bird migratory pathways during the operational phase.				
	<ul> <li>Continued disturbance due to operational activities (use of vehicles, lights etc.);</li> </ul>				
	Loss of habitat due to altered and excluded habitats and threat of fire:				
	<ul> <li>Direct mortality from electrocution and collision with infrastructure (e.g.</li> </ul>			✓	
	fences, overhead power lines);				
	Attraction to the facility exacerbating potential impacts.				
	Decommissioning Phase				
	<ul> <li>Disruption of bird migratory pathways during the decommissioning phase.</li> </ul>	✓			

Specialist Assessment / Input	Key Issues / Impacts to be addressed in the EIA Phase	Project 3 (Biesjesvlei PV3)	Project 6 (Biesjesvlei BESS 3)	Project 9 (Biesjesvlei EGI 3)
	<ul> <li>Habitat loss reclamation from rehabilitation activities (positive impact).</li> </ul>	✓		✓
	<ul> <li>Disturbance of foraging and breeding behaviours of birds due to noise, dust and lighting.</li> </ul>		✓	
	<ul> <li>Continued disturbance due to decommissioning activities (use of vehicles, lights etc.);</li> <li>Removal of power lines to promote safe passage (lowering collision risk) through the site and avoiding attraction by birds perching and nesting (positive impact).</li> </ul>			<b>√</b>
	Construction Phase			
	<ul> <li>Potential effect of dust and noise from trucks and construction machinery during the construction period, and the effect of this on nearby farmsteads and visitors to the area; and</li> <li>Potential visual effect of haul roads, access roads, stockpiles and construction camps in the visually exposed landscape.</li> </ul>	✓	✓	✓
Vieuel	Operational Phase			
Visual	<ul> <li>Potential visual intrusion of the facility and all associated infrastructure on receptors; and</li> <li>Potential visual impact of an industrial type of activity on the pastoral / rural character and sense of place of the area.</li> </ul>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
	Decommissioning Phase			
	<ul> <li>Potential visual effect of any remaining structures, platforms and disused roads on the landscape.</li> </ul>	✓	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>
Heritage (including	Construction Phase			
Archaeology and Cultural Landscape)	<ul> <li>Damage or destruction of archaeological materials;</li> <li>Damage or destruction of graves;</li> <li>Damage to built heritage resources; and</li> </ul>	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>

Specialist Assessment / Input	Key Issues / Impacts to be addressed in the EIA Phase	Project 3 (Biesjesvlei PV3)	Project 6 (Biesjesvlei BESS 3)	Project 9 (Biesjesvlei EGI 3)	
	<ul> <li>Intrusion of the facility, equipment and all associated infrastructure into the landscape.</li> </ul>				
	Operational and Decommissioning Phases				
	<ul> <li>Intrusion of the facility, equipment and all associated infrastructure into the landscape.</li> </ul>	✓	✓	✓	
Palaeontology	Note that a palaeontological impact assessment is not required. Refer to the Palaeontology Site Sensitivity Verification (SSV) in Appendix E.7 of this Scoping Report for additional information on the palaeontology within the study area, as well as feedbact on the motivation for no further palaeontology assessments being required for the proposed projects.				
	Construction Phase				
	<ul> <li>Capital investment contributing to the national, regional and local economy (positive impact);</li> <li>Generation of employment, income and skills (positive impact);</li> <li>Social disruption and change in social dynamics; and</li> <li>Reduced quality of life and increased risks due to construction near residences.</li> </ul>	1	1		
	Operational Phase				
Socio-Economic	<ul> <li>Operational investment contributing to the national, regional and local economy (positive impact);</li> <li>Generation of employment, income and skills (positive impact);</li> <li>Increased community prosperity through contributions and income from the proposed projects (positive impact); and</li> <li>Increased South African power generation reducing the probability of load shedding (positive impact).</li> </ul>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
	Decommissioning Phase				
	Reduced employment and Funding.	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		

Specialist Assessment / Input	Key Issues / Impacts to be addressed in the EIA Phase	Project 3 (Biesjesvlei PV3)	Project 6 (Biesjesvlei BESS 3)	Project 9 (Biesjesvlei EGI 3)	
	Construction and Decommissioning P	hases			
Traffic	<ul> <li>Congestion and delays on road network;</li> <li>Potential impact on traffic safety and increase in accidents with other vehicles and animals;</li> <li>Condition of road surface;</li> <li>Dust Pollution; and</li> <li>Noise Pollution.</li> </ul>	✓	✓		
	Operational Phase				
	The traffic generated during the operational phase will not have a significant impa	act on the surrou	unding road net	work.	
	Construction Phase				
	<ul> <li>Lowering of groundwater levels as a result of over-abstraction;</li> <li>Accidental oil spillage / fuel leakage; and</li> <li>Foundation construction occurring below the water table potentially impacting on ground water quality.</li> </ul>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
	Operational Phase				
Geohydrology	<ul> <li>Lowering of groundwater levels as a result of over-abstraction.</li> </ul>	✓	✓		
Geonydrology	<ul> <li>Potential impact on groundwater quality as a result of using cleaning agents for solar panel cleaning.</li> </ul>	✓			
	<ul> <li>Potential impact on groundwater quality as a result of potential spillage associated with the Battery Energy Storage System (BESS).</li> </ul>		✓		
	Decommissioning Phase				
	<ul> <li>Accidental oil spillage / fuel leakage; and</li> <li>Lowering of groundwater levels as a result of over-abstraction.</li> </ul>	✓	✓		
	Construction Phase				
Geotechnical	Displacement of geologic material.	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	

Specialist Assessment / Input	Key Issues / Impacts to be addressed in the EIA Phase	Project 3 (Biesjesvlei PV3)	Project 6 (Biesjesvlei BESS 3)	Project 9 (Biesjesvlei EGI 3)
	Construction, Operational and Decommissio	ning Phases		
	Contamination of subsoils and loss of topsoil.	✓	✓	✓
	Operational and Decommissioning Phases			
	<ul> <li>Increased unnatural hard surfaces yielding increased runoff, potentially increasing erosion.</li> </ul>	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
High-level Safety,	Note that a high-level SHE Risk Assessment has been commissioned for the prop	osed BESS pro	ject. It is a tech	nical study, and
Health and	formal impact assessments are not required. The study will be finalised during the EIA Phase.			
Environment (SHE)				
Risk Assessment				
for the BESS				
Civil Aviation	Note that there are no impacts with respect to Civil Aviation as confirmed through the Site Sensitivity Verification included in			
- Transfer	Appendix E.13 of the Scoping Report.			
Defence	Note that there are no impacts with respect to Defence as confirmed through the Site Sensitivity Verification included in Appendix			
Detence	E.14 of the Scoping Report.			